



A Metamodelling Perspective on the Users of a Service-Oriented Hydrology System

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Summary

■ Human Aspects of Service-Oriented Systems

- Migration to Services
- Organization Change Metamodel

■ Human Aspects of Distributed Hydrology Systems

- The CyberWater Project
 - Wireless sensor network
 - ArcGIS services for monitoring and early warning



User Modelling

Purpose

- Access security based on roles
- Manage preferences
- Organization structure
- Assign business process activities

Examples

- General User Modelling Ontology (GUMO)
- UserML mark-up language
- INCITS 359-2012 Standard

Problems

- the user model evolution
- the security and privacy challenges

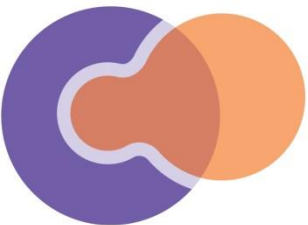
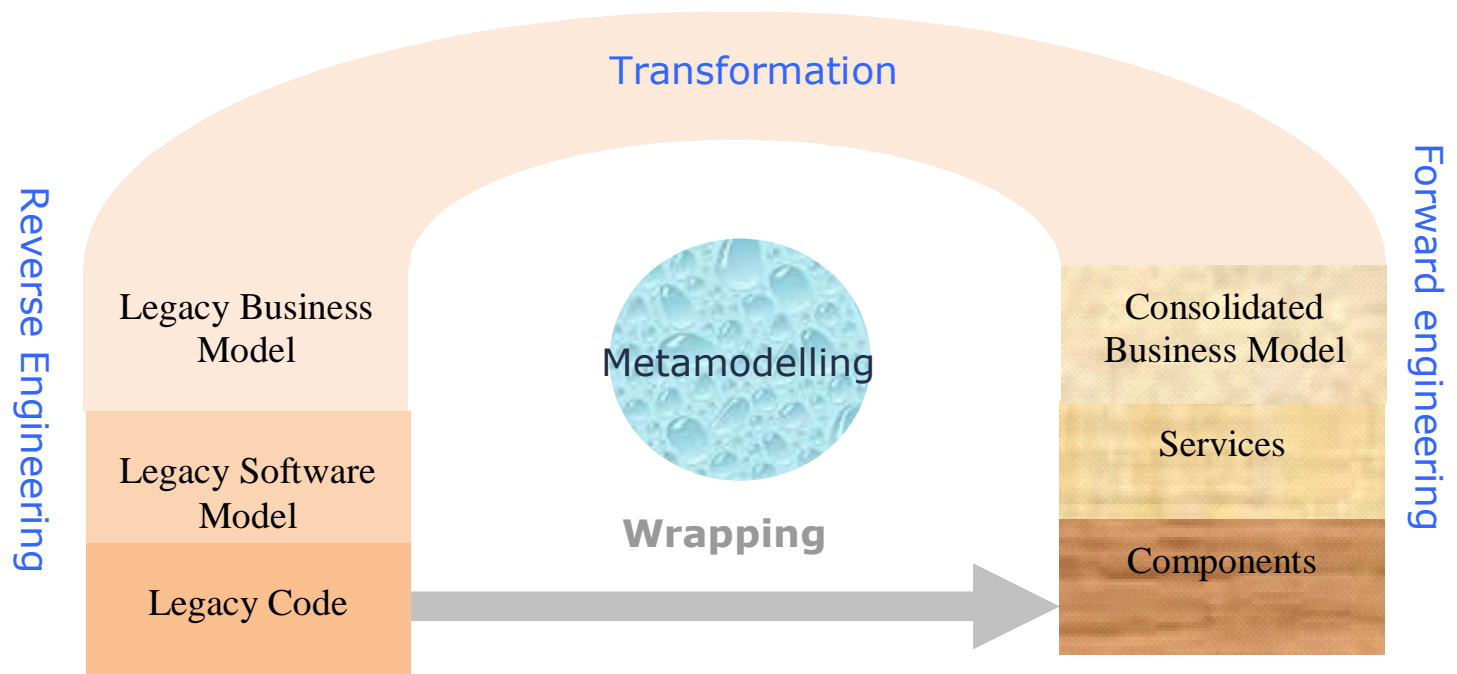
Increased problems for
distributed systems
that crosscut
geographical and
institutional boundaries



Human Aspects of Service-Oriented Systems

The modernization perspective

- Migration to Service-Oriented Architecture



MESOCA

Human Aspects of Service-Oriented Systems

The metamodelling perspective

- Defining a modelling language
- Implementing tools
 - Model editor
 - Model Interpreter

The Generic Modeling Environment
Institute for Software Integrated Systems
Vanderbilt University

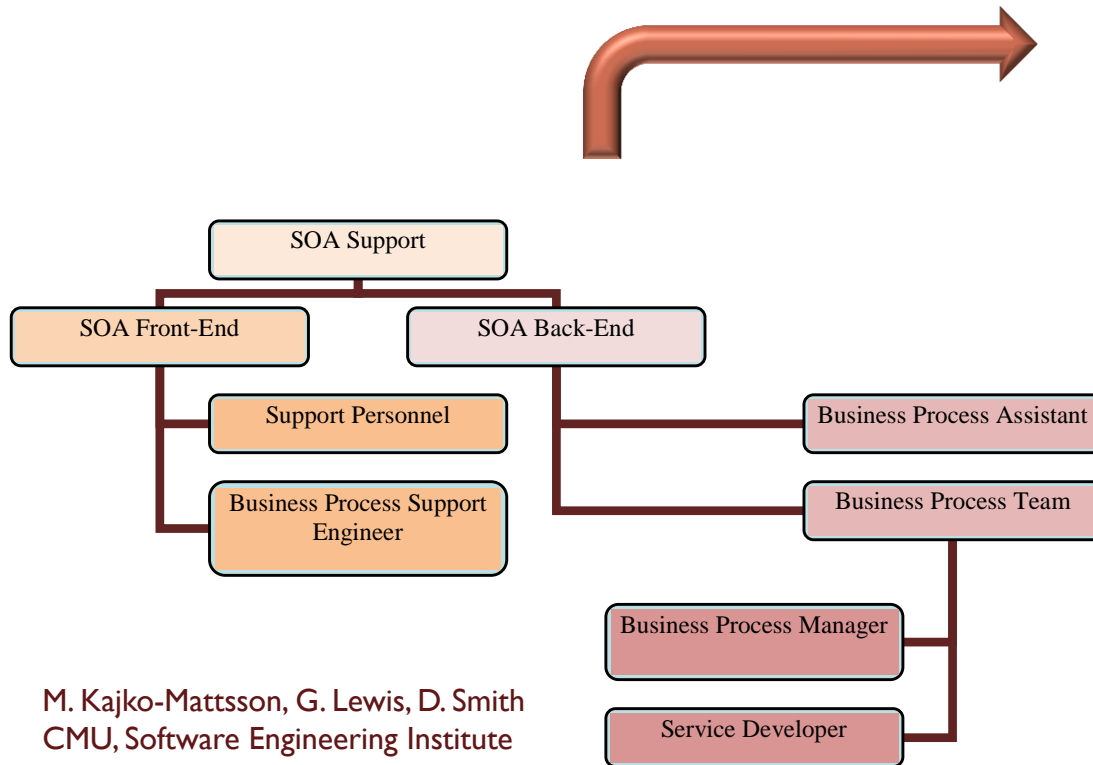


Modelling Paradigms developed with GME

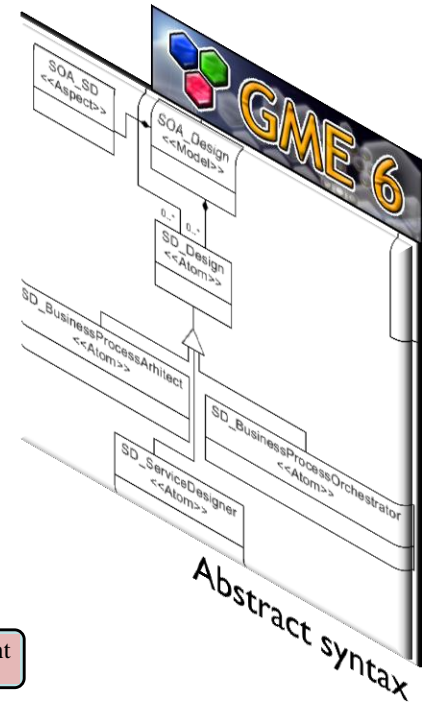
- ❖ **Organization Structure** – with classical concepts from the organization charts
- ❖ **SOA Roles** - a role framework for the modernization target style, i.e. SOA
- ❖ **Organization Change** - the necessary changes regarding the human resource management



The SOA Roles Metamodel



M. Kajko-Mattsson, G. Lewis, D. Smith
 CMU, Software Engineering Institute



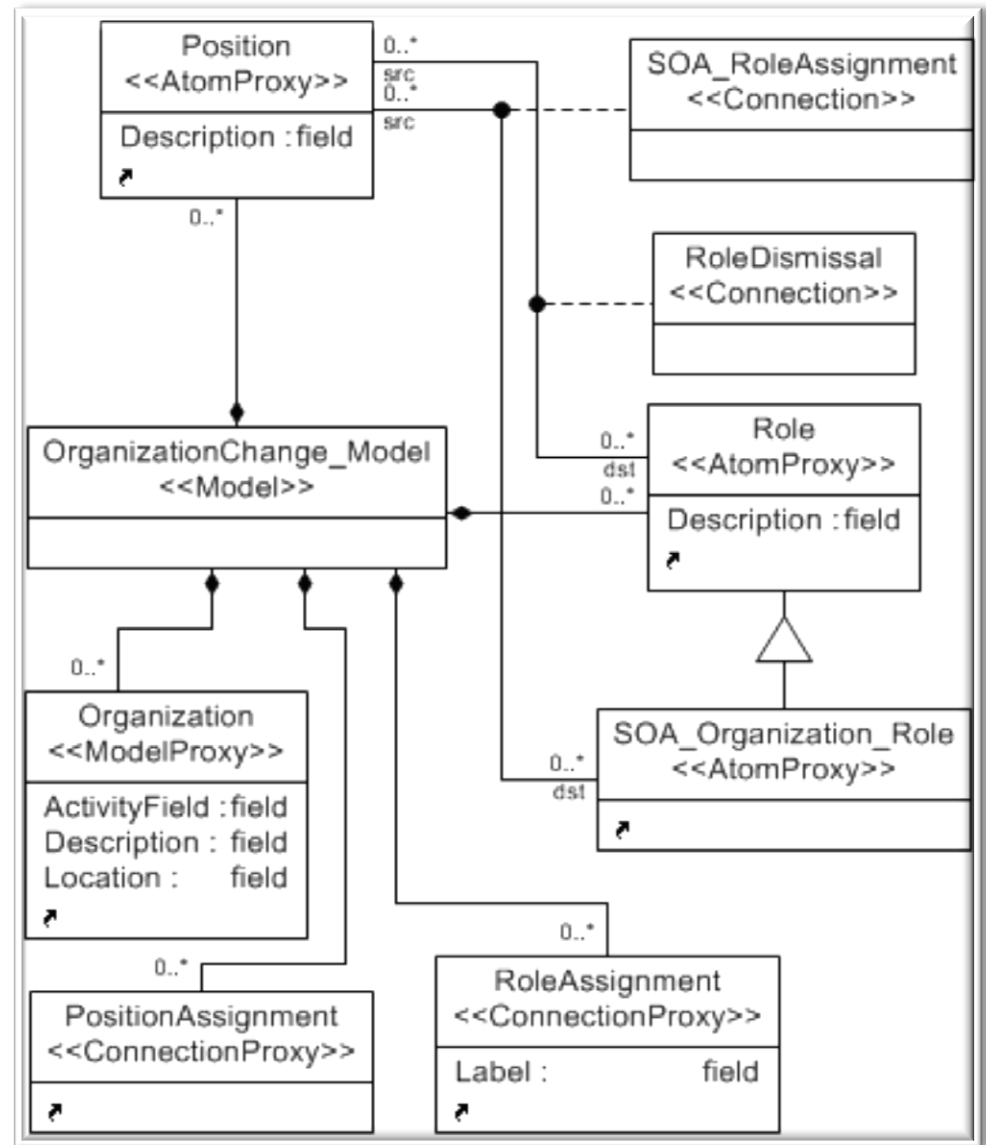
The Organization Change Metamodel

Transition from the legacy to the modernized system

- ✚ roles
- ✚ organizational units

Views

- ✚ transformations
- ✚ new SOA roles



Distributed Hydrology Systems

From islander approaches towards integration

Cyberinfrastructures

- Large scale data
- Earth observation
- Sensor networks
- Advanced visualization capabilities
- Geographical information portals



Human Aspects of Hydrology Systems

- Spatial Data Interest Communities

- Legally Mandated Organizations

- † water management organizations
- † water utility companies
- † local and county administration units
- † main water users
- † industrial players
- † emergency county inspectorates
- † simple citizens
- † non-governmental organizations
- † insurance companies
- † planning authorities
- † risk modellers

The CyberWater Project

Integrated Water Management

- Infrastructure for Spatial Information in the European Community (INSPIRE)

Accidental river pollution

- Decision support
- Early warning

“Romanian Waters” National Administration

- 11 river basin authorities

University of Iowa, Hydroscience & Engineering



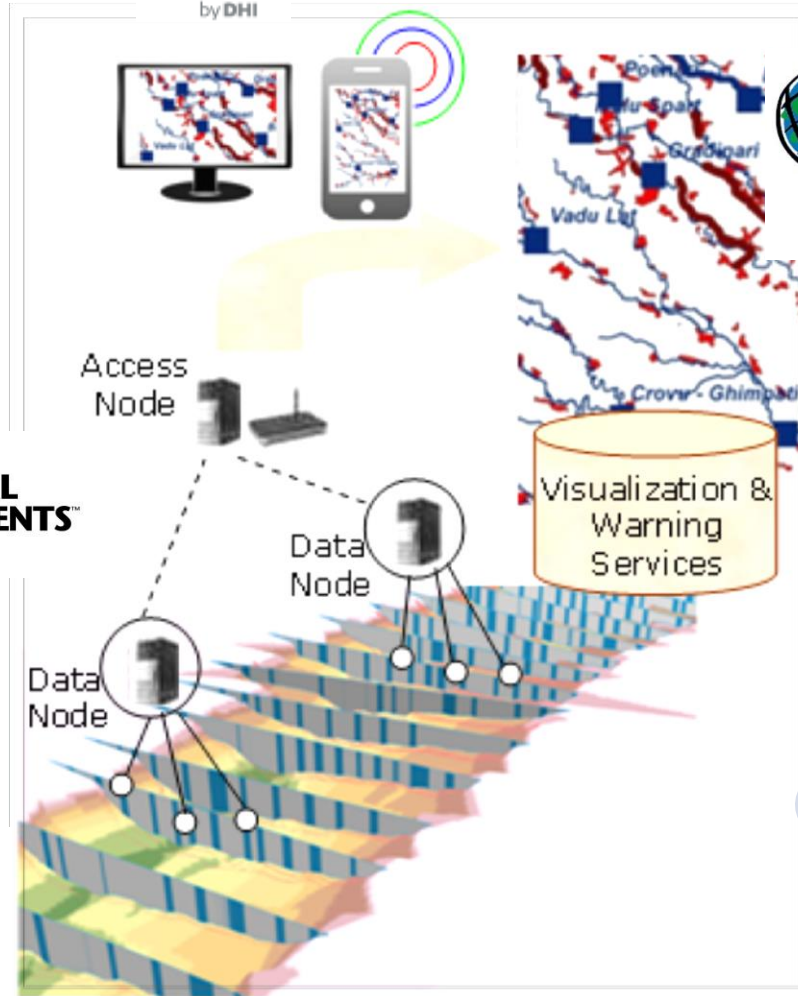
CyberWater

Prototype Cyberinfrastructure-based System for Decision-Making Support in Water Resources Management

<http://cyberwater.cs.pub.ro>

The CyberWater Prototype

Wireless
sensor
network

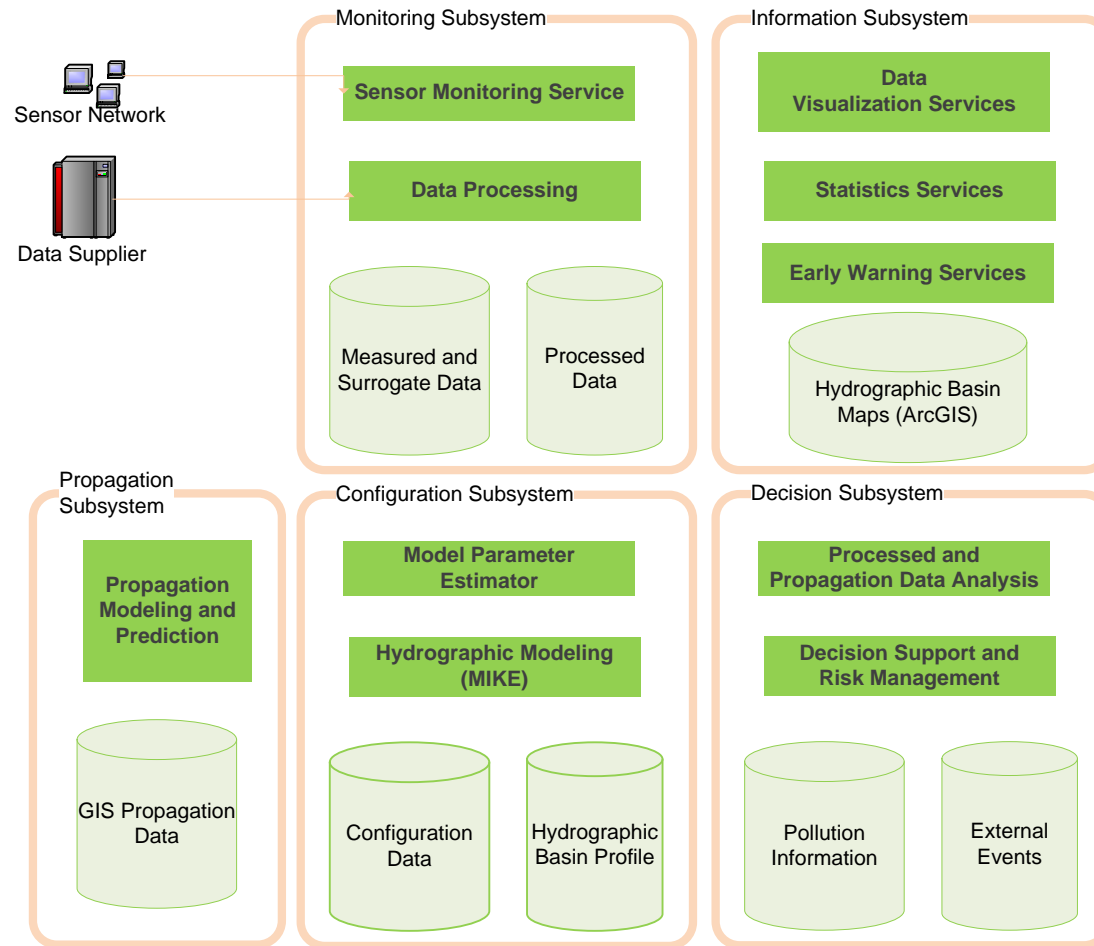


REST

Esri Cloud
environmen
t



The CyberWater Architecture

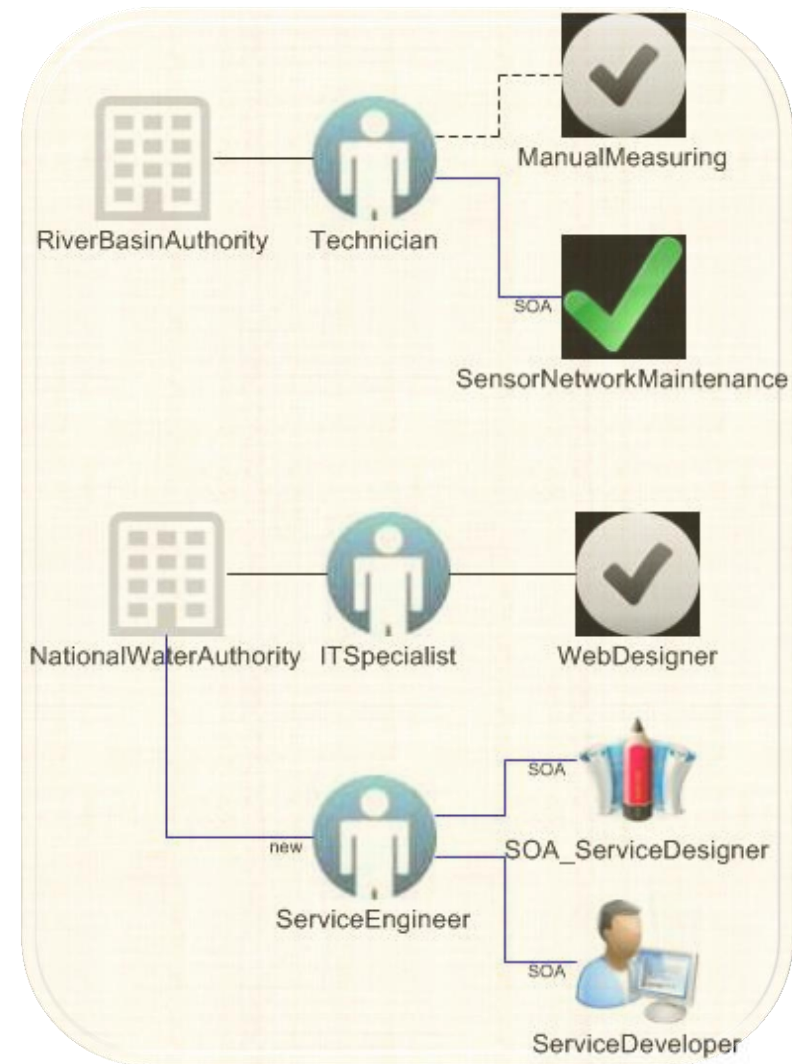


The CyberWater User Model

- Changes in multiple institutions

From manual measurements to sensor-based acquisition

- SOA roles



Conclusion

■ Migration to services

○ the user model evolution

■ Specific modelling languages

○ needed for organization changes

■ Validation

○ integrated water management system

■ Difficulties

○ human aspect changes in multiple institutions